

Process Control Incorporating









CONTENTS

Introduction	03
Delivering value to our customers	04
Our global reach	05
Process Fluid Control	06
Key Process Fluid Control Applications	08
Cooling	08
Heating	10
Washing	12
Filtration	14
Drying	16
Process Fluid Control Products	18
ATEX	22
SIL	26
IP-Protection classes	28
Lean Manufacturing	30
Online Tools and Technical Support	31

Breakthrough Engineering for a Better World

Norgren is part of global engineering organisation IMI plc. IMI is at the forefront of delivering the solutions we need in a changing world and is focused on creating tremendous value by solving key industry problems in attractive markets and employing the best.

Norgren has a proud history of creating innovative engineering solutions in precise motion control and fluid technology, and we collaborate with our customers across more than 50 countries in critical areas such as Factory Automation, Material Handling, Rail, Energy, Process Control, Life Science and Commercial Vehicles.

From improving speed, productivity, reliability and efficiency of equipment, to generating significant energy and cost savings, or lowering total cost of ownership across many industries, Norgren's high-quality solutions are designed to help customers pursue progress, achieve new goals and overcome problems.

With market-leading industry expertise, we offer the capability, resources, engineering intelligence and global support infrastructure to tackle the largest project demands.

Our world-class portfolio of fluid and motion control products include Norgren, Buschjost, FAS, Herion, Kloehn, Maxseal and Thompson Valves. Supplied either individually or combined into powerful customised solutions to meet customer needs.

Breakthrough engineering you can count on.







Energy



Industrial Gases



Water treatment



Marine



Industrial Automation



Food & Beverage

Delivering value to our customers

Our customers are passionate about creating machines to tackle the world's most demanding engineering challenges. Our ideas, our people, our products and our service is all here to help keep our customers' machines and our world – moving faster, safer and more efficiently.

- » Stocked products available for 24 h delivery
- » Customised packaging for quick inspection and storage
- » EDI connection for easy order processing and status
- » Intuitive website and mobile App to help you save time and work more efficiently

Our work with leading national and international companies across many industries means that we talk our customers' language and can bring specialised experience about legislation, standards and specifications.

Safety, reliability and performance

Norgren's products are designed to work effectively in aggressive environments and extreme temperatures and meet international standards such as:

- » ATEX
- » INMETRO
- » KOSHA
- » NEMA

- » TÜV
- » CSA
- » DVGW
- » ITRI

- » TR-CU
- » CCOE
- » FM AD UL























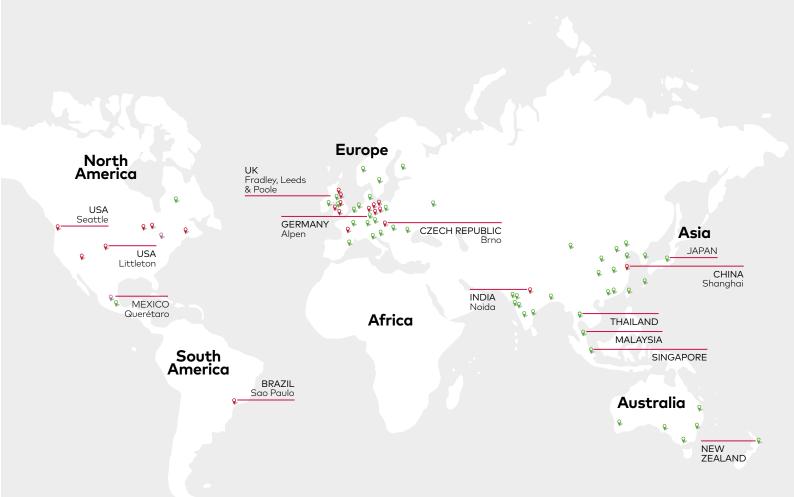


Our Global Reach

With established manufacturing facilities globally, we have the capability to cope with the most demanding of international projects. With a sales and service network in 50 countries, we have the reach and capability to ensure continuity of supply and local support where it is needed.

Sales & Service in 50 countries

- Norgren sales, manufacturing and technical centres
- Norgren sales locations
- Norgren manufacturing locations



Process Fluid Control

The Process Industry is incredibly diverse. Manufacturers and end users have to carefully balance safety, reliability, legislation as well as performance to ensure plant and process efficiency.

Norgren has been helping customers improve plant reliability and efficiency for over 80 years.

Our market-leading product ranges offer an extensive range of high quality components and complete system solutions to meet the specific requirements of the Process industry. We engineer, manufacture and supply products and systems that are in direct or indirect contact with process media including liquids, gases and solids; and are constantly pushing the boundaries of technology to offer world class products that can increase performance

We work closely with everyone from manufacturers to end users which enable us to provide market leading products that we can adapt to be specific to our customer's individual requirements.

- » Deliver market leading fluid control products
- » Global network of technical experts. Local support wherever your project or installation is
- » Market leading performance for safety and reliability
- » Valves specifically designed for reliability and longevity in harsh conditions
- » Long experience in key process applications including Cooling, Heating, Washing, Filtration and Drying



Norgren has been helping customers improve plant reliability and efficiency for over 80 years.



Key Process Fluid Control Applications

Cooling

Process cooling is used to remove heat from a process to protect it against overheating or to achieve / maintain a certain temperature. Many cooling applications use water as a medium to absorb heat, because water has a high boiling point and high specific heat. There are many different ways to set up an industrial cooling system: once-through-, closed recirculating and open recirculating cooling system.

Typical cooling applications

- » Food processing (tunnel cooling, spiral freezing and blast chambers)
- » Moulding & extrusion
- » Textile production
- » Medical imaging equipment
- » Machine tools



Key Products and Solutions

	Product Solution	Use in application
	Proportional valves	Transforming an electrical input into a pneumatic output and controls flow and/or pressure
	Solenoid valves	To operate (open / close) main valves such as ball valves, butterfly valves or damper
205	Directional control valves	Control valves in hydraulic auxiliary circuit
	2003 hydraulic control units	In the heat transfer process to safely control shut off valves
	Pneumatic high pressure cylinder	Steering of shut off valves in the secondary water circuit
	DLA- motorized control valve	Injection moulding
	Flange valves	Hydraulic oil cooler Roller Mill cooling
A CE	Dome and Spring loaded pressure regulators	Regulation of cooling system Regulation of the launching rocket system Biogas engine
	Dome and Spring loaded back pressure maintaining valves	Regulation of cooling system Regulation of the launching rocket system
	Filters	Regulation of cooling system Regulation of the launching rocket system
THE REAL PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND	Check valves	Regulation of cooling system Regulation of the launching rocket system
Ī	Globe valves	Regulation of cooling system Regulation of the launching rocket system

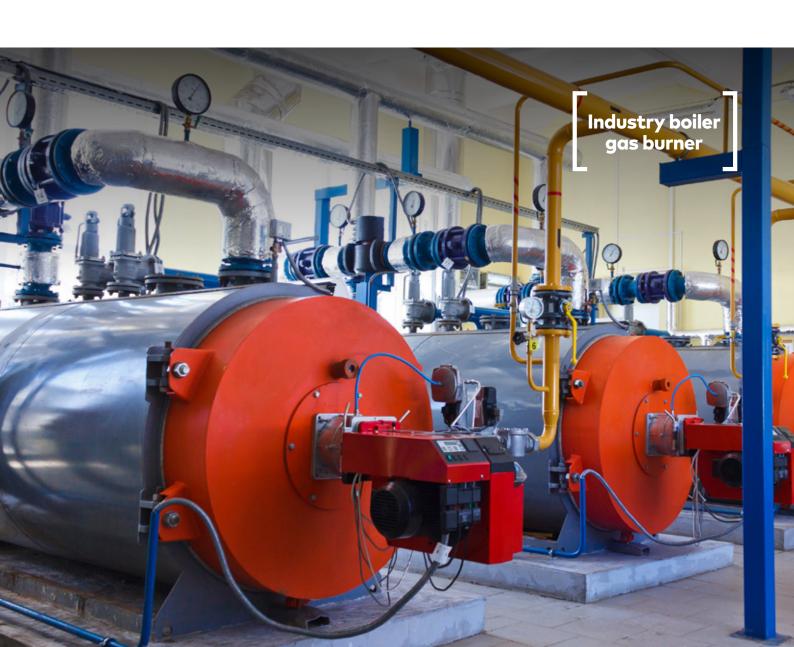
Key Process Fluid Control Applications

Heating

Process heating refers to various types of heat transfer techniques using fuel to release heat and a delivery mechanism for transfer of the heat to the process. There are a wide range of fuels used: electricity, natural gas, oil, LPG and coal. Heat can be transferred to the process by flue gases, hot water / steam, by radiation or in air. The main processes driven by heating are physical- and chemical change.

Typical heating applications

- » Moulding & Extrusion
- » Fuel gas conditioning
- » Dew point heating
- » Heated paper rolls
- » Ammonia Heating



Key Products and Solutions

	Product Solution	Use in application
	Proportional valves	Transforming an electrical input into a pneumatic output and controls flow and/ or pressure
	Solenoid valves	To operate (open / close) main valves such as ball valves, butterfly valves or damper Drain condense
	Steam valves	Feed screw Heating plant Surface technologies
	Steam valves	Steam generator
AT THE	Dome and Spring loaded pressure regulators	Furnace oxygen Hydrogen and nitrogen injection Frame control of processes Hydrogen commisionning process
	Dome and Spring loaded back pressure maintaining valves	Furnace oxygen Hydrogen and nitrogen injection Frame control of processes Hydrogen commisionning process
	Filters	Frame control of processes
	Check valves	Frame control of processes
Ī	Globe valves	Frame control of processes
	Safety valves	Furnace oxygen Hydrogen and nitrogen injection Frame control of processes Hydrogen commisionning process

Key Process Fluid Control Applications

Washing

Washing is the seperation of undesired layers from surfaces, such as in industrial partial cleaning. Washing processes are classified according to their physical active principle. A distincion is made between blast cleaning, mechanical cleaning, fluidic cleaning, solvent cleaning, chemical cleaning and thermal cleaning. The cleaning process is about preparing a product for the next process step.

Typical washing applications

- » Surface preps
- » Bottle and Container cleaning
- » Vegetable washing machine
- » Gantry car washes
- » Industrial bin washer machines



Key Products and Solutions

	Product Solution	Use in application
	Proportional valves	Transforming an electrical input into a pneumatic output and controls flow and/or pressure
	Solenoid valves	To operate (open / close) main valves such as ball valves, butterfly valves or damper Drain condense
	Directional control valves	Control valves in hydraulic auxiliary circuit
	Hydraulic tie rod cylinders	Steering of shut off valves in the secondary water circuit
	Piston valves	Ozone generation
	Pilot actuated piston valves	Liquid gas facilities
Are	Dome and Spring loaded pressure regulators	Regulation systems
	Dome and Spring loaded back pressure maintaining valves	Regulation systems
	Safety valves	Regulation systems

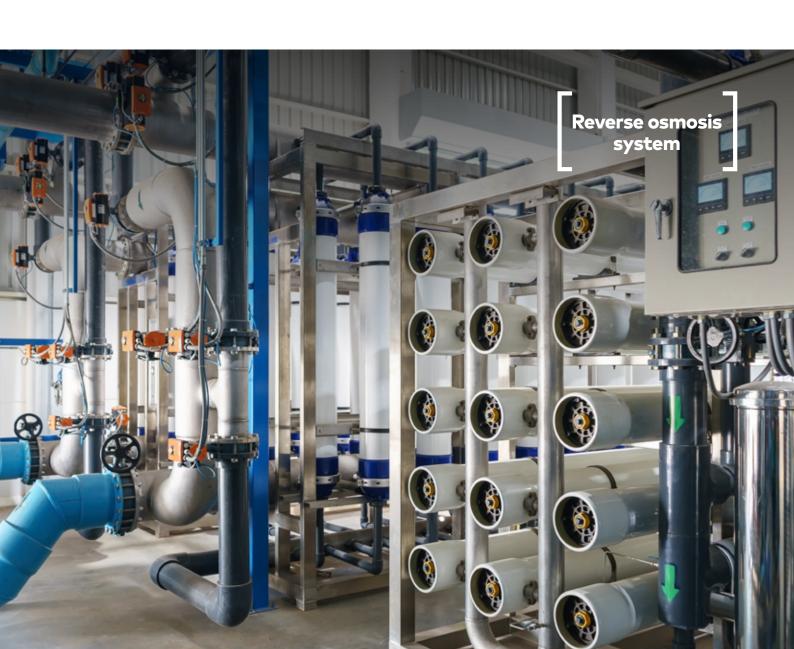
Key Process Fluid Control Applications

Filtration

Filtration is a physical process for the mechanical separation or purification of substances. During the filtration process, the mixture to be separated passes through a filter or repository containing a filter mass. For industrial applications many different filter systems have been developed. In general, a distinction is made between clarification and separation filtration. During the clarification process, a liquid will be purified, whereas in separation filtration the source liquid will be divided into solids and liquid.

Typical filtration applications

- » Ballst water filtration
- » Recycling of waste
- » Water treatment
- » Seawater desalination
- » Boiler feed



Key Products and Solutions

	Product Solution	Use in application
	Proportional valves	Transforming an electrical input into a pneumatic output and controls flow and/or pressure
	Solenoid valves	To operate (Open / Close) main valves such as ball valves, butterfly valves or damper
3-5	Directional control valves	Control valves in hydraulic auxiliary circuit
	Hydraulic tie rod cylinders	Steering of shut off valves in the secondary water circuit
	ASU (Set of products)	PET - Blowing
	Dome regulators	PET - Blowing
	Spring loaded pressure regulators	CO₂ in Food & Beverage processes High pressure system for delivery of pure gas under accurate pressure and flow rate
	Dome and Spring loaded back pressure maintaining valves	CO ₂ in Food & Beverage processes High pressure system for delivery of pure gas under accurate pressure and flow rate
	Filters	CO ₂ in Food & Beverage processes High pressure system for delivery of pure gas under accurate pressure and flow rate
	Check valves	CO ₂ in Food & Beverage processes High pressure system for delivery of pure gas under accurate pressure and flow rate
	Globe valves	CO ₂ in Food & Beverage processes High pressure system for delivery of pure gas under accurate pressure and flow rate
	Safety valves	CO ₂ in Food & Beverage processes High pressure system for delivery of pure gas under accurate pressure and flow rate
	Dust filter valves	Concrete processing



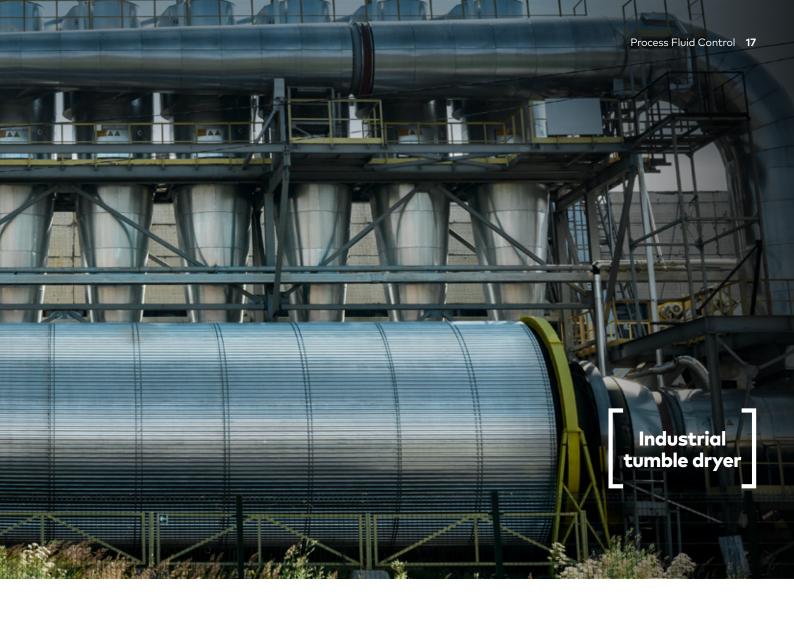
Key Process Fluid Control Applications

Drying

Drying is a process consisting of the removal of a solvent from a solid, semi-solid or liquid. A source of heat and an agent to remove the vapor produced by the process are involved. Some general methods of drying are direct drying (e.g. gas stream), indirect drying (e.g. heating through a hot wall), dielectric drying (radiofrequency or microwaves being absorbed inside the material) and freeze drying.

Typical drying applications

- » Compressed air preparation
- » Industrial tumble dryer
- » Rotary dryer
- » Freeze dryer
- » Air drying for train brake system



Key Products and Solutions

Product Solution	Use in application
Solenoid valves	To operate (Open / Close) main valves such as ball valves, butterfly valves or damper
Valve manifold	Air dryer
Diaphragm valves	Air dryer
AMT Dryer	Air dryer

Process Fluid Control Products

Process Valves

These valves have a robust design for use in a wide variety of applications including temperature stability, resistance against aggressive mediums or applications where fluids with high viscosity and contamination have to be controlled.

- » High flow rates
- » Damped operation
- » Clear compact design
- » Solenoid interchangeable without tools (Click-on®)
- » Particularly suitable for use as water valve in accordance with DIN EN 60730-2-8
- » Suitable for vacuum

Process Valves	2/2- way solenoid valves with differential pressure	2/2- way solenoid valves without differential pressure	2/2- way pressure activated angle seat valves	2/2- way pressure activated piston seat valves	2/2-way pressure activated seat valves	3/2- way pressure activated seat valves	2/2- way pressure activated membrane valves
					Cart.		Ī
Materials	Brass, Stainless Steel, Cast Iron	Brass, Stainless Steel, Cast Iron, Ductile Cast Iron, PPSU, PVDF	Brass, Stainless Steel, Cast Iron, Ductile Cast Iron	Brass, Stainless Steel	Cast Iron, Ductile Cast Iron	Cast Iron, Gun metal	Brass
Connections	Thread, Flange	Thread, Flange	Thread, Flange	Thread	Thread, Flange	Thread, Flange	Thread, Flange
Sizes	G 1/8" G 2" 1/8" NPT 2" NPT DN 15 DN 50	G 1/8" G 2" 1/8" NPT 2" NPT DN 15 DN 100	G 1/2" G 2" 1/2" NPT 2" NPT	G 1/8" G 1/2" 1/8" NPT 1/2" NPT	G 1/2" G 3" DN 15 DN 150	G 1/2" G 2" DN 15 DN 150	G 1/4" G 2" 1/4" NPT 1/2" NPT
Operating pressure	0,1 40 bar	0 40 bar	0 16 bar	0 25 bar	0 16 bar	0 10 bar	-0,9 16 bar
Temperature range	-20°C 200°C	-20°C 200°C	-10°C 180°C	-10°C 90°C	-10°C 180°C	-10°C 180°C	-10°C 90°C

Valves for Dust Filter Systems

These valves provide an intense pulse of air into the soiled filter element causing dust and loose dirt from the filter to fall to the ground, allowing efficient and inexpensive cleaning.

- » One piece diaphragm for longer life
- » Simple construction for ease of maintenance
- » Solenoid interchangeable without tools (Click-on®), all internal components captive

Valves for Dust Filter Systems	2/2- way pneumatically actuated diaphragm valves	2/2- way solenoid actuated diaphragm valves	Control units	Flex-on° System
		0000		
Materials	Aluminium, Stainless steel	Aluminium, Stainless steel	Polyurethane	Aluminium
Connections	Thread	Thread	/	Hose, Thread, Crimp
Sizes	G 3/4" G 3" 3/4" NPT-21/2" NPT	G 3/4" G 3" 1" NPT	8 Valves 16 Valves	DN25 - DN65
Operating pressure	0,4 8 bar	0,4 8 bar	/	0,4 8 bar
Temperature range	-20°C 85°C	-20°C 85°C	/	-20°C 85°C

Proportional Valves

Proportional valves or I/P or E/P convertors convert variable or current voltage signal into a proportional output.

- » High flow rates
- » Fast response
- » Excellent accuracy and performance characteristics

Proportional Valves 2/2- way proportional pressure control valves		3/2- way proportional pressure control valves	Intrinsically safe 3/2- way proportional pressure control valves	5/3- way and 3/2- way proportional pressure control valves	
Materials	Brass, Stainless Steel, Cast Iron	Cast Iron, Ductile Cast Iron	Cast Iron, Gun metal	Brass	
Connections	Thread, Flange	Thread, Flange	Thread, Flange	Thread, Flange	
Port sizes	G 1/8" G 2" 1/8" NPT 2" NPT DN 15 DN 50	G 1/2" G 3" DN 15 DN 150	G 1/2" G 2" DN 15 DN 150	G 1/4" G 2" 1/4" NPT 1/2" NPT	
Medium	Oil free and dry air	Oil free and dry air, Neutral gases	Oil free and dry air	Oil free and dry air	
Flow max.	/	1.400 l / min.	300 l / min	1.200 l / min.	
Output Pressure	0 10 bar	010 bar	01 bar	-116 bar	
Input Signal	4 20 mA 0 10 V	4 20 mA 0 10 V	4 20 mA 0 10 V	4 20 mA 0 10 V, -5 V +5V	
Protection Class	IP 65	IP 30, IP 65	IP 66	IP 65	
Temperature range	-10°C 90°C	-40°C 85°C	-40°C 85°C	5°C 60°C	

Safety Valves

We offer safety valves to help our Customers fully comply with the requirements of DIN ISO13849-1.

- » Protection against accidental operation
- » Requires no cyclical monitoring or evaluation system
- » Helps you comply to OSHA regulations
- » Safety components according to EN574 Class IIIB
- » With the appropriate application, performance level "e" (cat. 4) of DIN EN ISO 13849-1
- » Easily fitted into existing systems

Safety Valves	Lockout valves with Integral silencer	Self-monitoring safety valves with soft start	Self-monitoring safety valves	Press safety valves	Two-hand control units
					1
Materials	Aluminium	Aluminium	Aluminium	Polyurethane	Steel
Sizes	G 1/2" G 1"	G 1/2"	G 1/4" G 1"	G 1/4" G 2"	4 mm PIF
Operation	3/2	3/2	3/2	2 X 2/2, 2 X 3/2, 3/2	3/2
Operating pressure	0 20 bar	2,5 10 bar	2 10 bar	3 10 bar	3 8 bar
Temperature range	-30°C 80°C	-10°C 60°C	-10°C 60°C	-10°C 60°C	-5°C 40°C

Process Fluid Control Products

Directional Control Valves

Inline valves can be solenoid or pilot operated valves and are often referred as directional control valves. Our range of NAMUR and Inline valves are offered for multiple applications.

- » Manual override as standard
- » Compact and robust design
- » High flow rates

- » Low power consumption
- » Maintenance-free
- » Easily interchangeable solenoid system

Directional Control Valves	Indirect acting solenoid valves	Direct acting solenoid valves	SIL rated indirect acting solenoid valves	SIL rated direct acting solenoid valves
	The state of the s	TOTAL		
Materials	Anodised Aluminium, Brass, Steel, Cast Iron	Brass, Stainless Steel, Cast Iron	Anodised Aluminium, Brass, Stainless Steel	Anodised Aluminium, Stainless Steel, Special Alloy
Port sizes	G 1/4" G 2" 1/4" NPT	G 1/2" G 4" Flange type	G 1/4" G 1/2" 1/4" 1/2" NPT	G 1/4" G 1/2" 1/4" 1/2" NPT
Operation	3/2, 5/2, 5/3	2/2, 3/2	2/2, 3/2, 3/2, 5/2	2/2, 3/2, 5/2
Interfaces	Inline, Namur	Inline	Inline, Namur	Inline, Namur
Operating pressure	1,5 40 bar	0 100 bar	0,2 8 bar	0 414 bar
Operating temperature	-40°C 80°C	-40°C 90°C	-40°C 80°C	-60°C 90°C
Protection	IP65, Ex ia, Ex-d, Ex-mb, Ex-md, Ex-me, FM	IP65, Ex-d, Ex-me	IP65, Ex-md, Ex-me, FM	IP68, Ex-d, Ex-md, Ex-me, FM, CSA

Pressure Switches

Pressure switches can be used to automatically monitor pressure levels in a pneumatic system or be used for more complex monitoring functions in air, water, hydraulic or any neutral fluid applications.

- » High cycle life
- » Suitable for a wide variety of pneumatic, allfluid and hydraulic applications
- » High accuracy and resolution

Pressure Switches	Electro-mechanical pressure switches	Electronic pressure switches
	1211	13 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Materials	Aluminium, Diecast Aluminium	Aluminium, Stainless Steel
Sizes	G 1/4" G 1/2" 1/2" NPT	G 1/4" 1/4" NPT
Medium	Air, Hydraulic, Allfluid	Air, Hydraulic, Allfluid
Operating pressure	-1 420 bar	-1 800 bar
Temperature range	-55°C 85°C	-40°C 125°C
Output	ON/OFF	4 20mA, 0 10V

AMT Dryer

Our revolutionary air dryers with patented AMT technology offer outstanding levels of performance and reliability delivering a step change in compressed air applications.



- » Twin AMT system for use in high duty applications
- » Optional rock guard protects valves
- » Service life up to 10 years (30,000 hrs)
- » Compact and flexible design which can be mounted horizontally and vertically
- » Typical dew point suppression of 40°C

Hydraulic Components

From power packs to large-scale hydraulic units, we can meet even the most complex hydraulic requirements, including one-off models, explosion-proof power packs and multipurpose power packs.

- » Integral or external electronics
- » Low leakage
- » Manual override as standard
- » Stable flow characteristics
- » Different mounting options

- » TÜV type examination certified
- » Low power consumption
- » Power pack special sizes possible
- » Easy retrofit
- » 2003 block SIL3, TÜV certified, ATEX versions also available

Hydraulic Components	Directional control valves	Pressure valves	Flow control & Check valves	Proportional valves	Safety valves & Press technology	Actuators	Pressure switches	Power packs
	295	ů im			1	and the		
Function	3/2, 4/2, 4/3	2 & 3- way	Trottle, 2 & 3- way	3/2, 4/2, 4/3	/	Double acting		
Connections	Thread, Flange	Thread, Flange	Thread, Flange	Thread, Flange	Thread, Flange	Thread, Flange	Thread	
Sizes	6, 10, 16, 25	6, 10, 25	6, 10, G1/4 - G 1 1/4	6, 10, 16, 25	/	Ø25 Ø200 mm	G 1/4"	On request
Operating pressure	350 bar	315 bar	350 bar	315 bar	315 bar	250 bar	30 bar	
Operating temperature	+70°C	+70°C	+70°C	+70°C	+70°C	-20°C 80°C	80°C	

Custom Solutions

Control Cabinets

- » Individually designed for your application
- » Simplifies installation and commissioning
- » Maintenance friendly with enhanced safety and security
- » Ideal for arduous environments
- » Suitable for ATEX applications



Manifolds

- » Simplified system design
- » Space saving
- » Easy installation
- » Reduced leak paths



Control Panels

- » Pre-assembled control solutions
- » Reduced design and logistics costs
- » Reduces inventory holding
- » Ready to instal



Custom Products

- » Minor modifications through to bespoke design
- » Tailored to meet challenging specifications
- » Built on high performing pneumatic products



Your Reliable Partner for Maximum Explosion Protection



ATEX

In order to apply a single level for health and safety requirements and to overcome barriers of trade within Europe, national regulations for explosion prevention were harmonised in 1975 with the European Frame Directive 76/117/EEC.

The EC-Directive 94/9/EG was valid from 1994 until 2016 and was replaced through the new EU-Directive 2014/34/ EU. This Directive is widely known as "ATEX" – which derives from the original working title "ATmosphère EXplosible".

In addition to Directive 2014/34/EU, which is concerned with the requirements of equipment and protective systems another directive - 1999/92/EC exists. This is concerned with the requirements for the erection, installation and operation of systems.

How can explosions occur?

Explosive atmospheres (Ex areas) are prerequisite for an explosion and can be found where a mixture of air, flammable gases, vapours or dusts are being produced, transformed or stored in the presence of oxygen.

Typical sources of Ignition

- » Hot Surfaces
- » Flames and Hot Gases
- » Mechanically Generated Sparks
- » Electrically Generated Sparks
- » Electro-statically Generated Sparks
- » Adiabatic Compression
- » Electro-Magnetic Radiation
- » Ionising Radiation
- » Chemical Reactions
- » Ultra-sound
- » Flashes

How can an explosion be prevented?

Most important is the prevention of the formation of an explosive atmosphere. If this is not possible, potential sources of ignition must be avoided.

Ignition protection categories

For electrical equipment for use with gases, vapours and mists special design methods are described in comprehensive works standards and are assigned to "ignition protection categories". Several ignition protection categories can be combined in one unit.

The methods of protection with explosive dusts concentrates mainly on the sealing of the housing (IP protection).

Principles and requirements for non-electrical equipment for use in explosive areas are described in the EN 13463-1.

(This standard is only valid until the end of 2019 and is replaced by ISO EN 80079-36.)

Measures that can be taken to reliably exclude potential sources of ignition, depend upon the equipment category required.

In the foreground is usually the consideration of the permissible light metal alloys, electrostatic charge, possible sparks caused by impact or friction and heat due to friction.

Which certificates are required?

A Declaration of Conformity must be provided by the manufacturer for each product. The Declaration of Conformity explains how the manufacturer fulfils all the relevant safety requirements. The CE mark is subsequently attached to the product.

For electrical equipment in Category 1 and 2, an EU Type Examination Certificate issued by a notified body is required. For non electrical equipment an EU Type Examination Certificate is only required for Category 1.

These Declarations of Conformity are also obligatory for non-electrical equipment.

However, if the risk analysis of explosion hazards show that no potential sources of ignition exist, the item does not fall under the ATEX directive in which case a Declaration of Conformity and Ex marking is not required. This may apply to products used in purely pneumatic systems, i.e. for valves, service units, sound absorbers.



Figure 1 EU Declaration of Conformity for valve solenoids



Figure 2 EC-Type examination certificate for a solenoid valve series



Figure 3 Certificate for the Quality Assurance System

Prevent explosions with Norgren ATEX approved equipment

As a manufacturer of pneumatic equipment, Norgren offers an extensive range of certified devices in Categories 1, 2 and 3 for use in areas with potentially explosive atmospheres containing gases and dusts:

» Solenoid valves, solenoids (Type of protection Ex m, Ex me, Ex md,Ex d, Ex ia, Ex nA)

- » Pressure switches (Type of protection Ex de, Ex nAC)
- » Valves, cylinders, (Type of protection Ex c)

Marking of electrical devices in potentially explosive atmospheres

CONDITIONS IN HAZARDOUS AREAS							
		SUBDIVISION	REQUIRED	ED MARKING FOR INSTALLATION			
FLAMMABLE SUBSTANCES	TEMPORARY BEHAVIOUR OF FLAMMABLE SUBSTANCES IN HAZARDOUS PLACES	OF HAZARDOUS PLACES	CLASSIFICATION OF HAZARDOUS AREAS	EQUIPMEN CATEGOR		EQUIPM PROTEC LEVEL	CTION
	is present continuously or for long periods or frequently	zone O	II	1G		Go	1
gases, vapours	is likely to occur in normal operation occasionally	zone 1	Ш	2G or 1G		Gb or	Ga
ч ароогз	is not likely to occur in normal operation but, if it does occur, will persist for a short period only	zone 2	II	3G or 2G or	1G	Gc or Gb	or GA
	is present continuously or for long periods or frequently	zone 20	II	1D		Do	1
dusts	is likely to occur in normal operation occasionally	zone 21	II	2D or 1D		Db or	Da
	is not likely to occur in normal operation but, if it does occur, will persist for a short period only	zone 22	II	3D or 2D or	1D	Dc or Db	or Da

TYPE OF PROTECTION	PRINCIPLE OF PROTECTION	APPLICATION	MARKING	MAY BE USED IN ZONE	IEC	CENELEC
general requirements	-	all applications	-	-	IEC 60079-0	EN 60079-0
flameproof enclosure	a propagation of an explosion inside to the outside is excluded	control stations, motors, fuses, switchgear, power electronics	Ex d	1 or 2	IEC 60079-1	EN 60079-1
increased safety	avoidance of arcs, sparks and excessive temperature	installation materials, motors, luminaries	Ex e	1 or 2	IEC 60079-7	EN 60079-7
	limitation of energy and	medsorement and control,	Exia	0, 1 or 2	IEC 60079-11	EN 60079-11
intrinsic safety	through that prevention of ignitable sparks	automation technology, sensors, actuators	Exib	1 or 2	IEC 60079-11	EN 60079-11
pressurisation	ex-atmosphere can't enter through the overpressure	switch- and control cupboards, analyse-apparatus, computers	Ехр	1 or 2	IEC 60079-2	EN 60079-2
encapsulation	ex-atmosphere can't enter	coils of motors or relays,	Ex ma	1 or 2	IFC 60079-18	EN 60079-18
encapsolation	through the potting material	solenoid valves	Ex mb	1012	1200077-10	LIV 0007 7-10
oil immersion	ex-atmosphere can't enter through the oil	transformers, relays, control stations, magnetic contactors	Exo	1 or 2	IEC 60079-6	EN 60079-6
powder filling	an propagation of an ignition inside to the outside is excluded	capacitors, transformers	Exq	1 or 2	IEC 60079-5	EN 60079-5
non sparking	avoidance of ignitable sparks in normal operation	sensors, solenoids, pressure switches	Exn	2	IEC 60079-15	EN 60079-15

EXAMPLE

town gas

ethylene

gasoline fuels

acetaldehyde

carbon disulfide

EXPLOSION GROUP				TEMPERATURE CLASS (GASES)			
MARKING	EXAMPLE	PERMISSIBLE EQU	UIPMENT GROUP TEMPERA			PERMISSIBLE	
IIA	propane	IIA or IIE	3 or IIC	CLASS (GASES)	TEMPERATURE OF THE EQUIPMENT	TEMPERATURE CLASSES OF THE EQUIPMENT	S EXA
IIB	ethylene	IIB or	·IIC	T1	450°C	T1 to T6	tow
IIC	hydrogen	IIC		T2	300°C	T2 to T6	etł
				T3	200°C	T3 to T6	gasol
				T4	135°C	T4 to T6	aceto
				T5	100°C	T5 to T6	
				Т6	85℃	T6	carbor
	€012	<u>3</u>	G Ex ia		h PTR 07	ATEX 2019	.
	l					AILX 2017	/ X
	DY FOR THE EG		SHORT NAME	CODE NUMBER	COUNTRY	RESTRICTION FOR USING A	
OTIFIED BO					COUNTRY		

PTB

TPS

BVS

DEKRA/KEMA

SIRA

BASEEFA

RESTRICTION FOR USING APPARATUS						
REQUIREMENTS	MARKING					
without restriction	-					
special condition should be noted	X					
Ex-component, which is not intended to be used alone and requires additional certification.						
CE-Conformity is declared by the manufacturer if the part is fitted into a complete equipment.	0					

In dust atmospheres

Physikalisch Technische Bundesanstalt

TÜV SÜD Product Service GmbH

SIRA CERTIFICATION SERVICE

DEKRA EXAM GmbH

DEKRA Certification B.V.

SGS BASEEFA LIMITED

II 2D Ex tb IIIC T 90°C Db

0102

0123

0158

0344

0518

1180

Germany

Germany

Germany

Netherlands

UK

TYPE OF PROTECTION	MARKING	MAY BE USED IN ZONE	STANDARD	
Flameproof enclosures	Exd	1 or 2	IEC EN 60079-1	
Increased safety	Exe	1 or 2	IEC EN 60079-7	
	Ex ia	0 or 1 or 2or 20 or 21 or 22		
Intrinsic safety	rinsic safety Ex ib 1 or 2 or 21 or 22		IEC EN 60079-11	
	Ex ic	2 or 22		
	Ex ma	0 or 1 or 2or 20 or 21 or 22		
Encapsulation	Ex mb	1 or 2 or 21 or 22	IEC EN 60079- 18	
	Ex mc	2 or 22		
"n" type of protection	Exn	2 or 22	IEC EN 60079- 15	
	Ex ta	20 or 21 or 22		
Protection by enclosure	on by enclosure Ex tb 21 or 22		IEC EN 60079- 31	
	Extc	22		

EXPLOSION	Permissible		
MARKING	Type of Dust	Example	equipment group
IIIA	combustible flyings	cotton	IIIA or IIIB or IIIC
IIIB	non-conductive dust	grain	IIB or IIIC
IIIC	conductive dust	aluminium dust	IIIC

Max. surface temperature of the equipment

SIL and IEC 61508 - The international functional safety standard

1. Risk and functional safety

- » Safety can be defined as "freedom from unacceptable risk".
- » Industrial processes are never completely free of risks. Functional safety can be used to evaluate and reduce residual risk to an acceptable level.

2. Risk assessment

- » The risk of an industrial process is evaluated by the plant operator using a risk graph (see picture 1) for example.
- » The risk graph rates the possible threat for people and environment and determines the required level of risk reduction.
- » This required level of risk reduction is called safety integrity level (SIL). An industrial process with a demand of SIL4 represents the highest hazard level.

Risk-graph and requirement classes according to: IEC 61 508 / 61 511

C= Extend of damage

C1: slight injury of a person

C2: severe, irreversible injury of one or several persons

C3: death of several persons

C4: catastrophic implication with many death persons

F= Duration of stay

F1: rarely or more often

F2: frequently up to permanent

P= Hazard prevention

P1: possible under certain conditions

P2: rarely possible

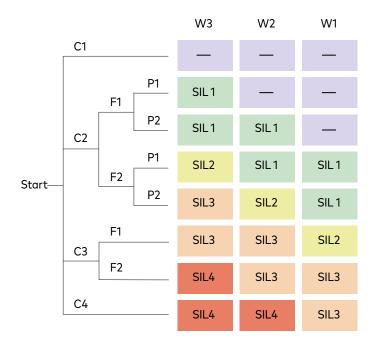
W= Probability with which undesirable incidents happen

W1: very low

W2: low

W3: relatively high

___ = No safety requirement

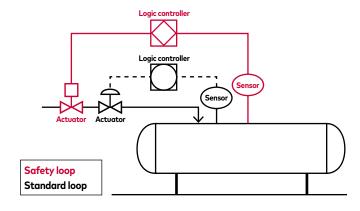




3. Safety instrumented system

- » The reduction of the evaluated risk is performed by a safety instrumented system (SIS). The plant manufacturer needs to ensure that all components meet the requirements of the IEC61508 for the respective SIL.
- » The SIS needs to be independent from the standard loop and consists of sensor, logic and actuator (see picture 2). Control valves are part of the actuator.
- » Norgren developed control valves that are evaluated and certified according to the requirements of the IEC61508.
- » These control valves are successfully used in safety instrumented applications since many years.

SIS example: Overfill safety device



4. SIL certification

- » All components of the SIS will be evaluated by manufacturer according to the requirements of the IEC 61508 and certified by independent organizations (e.g. TÜV).
- » The certification according to SIL covers aspects of systematic and statistical suitability.
- » Systematic suitability is proved by a certified product development and quality management process. Potential faults are identified and avoided by FMEAs.
- » Statistical suitability is done by confirmation of a low failure probability of the components. This evidence was provided by a longterm test under worst-case conditions and confirmed by field data.
- » In the Low Demand Mode (LDM; Safety requirements < 1 operations / year) the probability of failure is stated as Probability of Failure on Demand (PFD). The calculation is based on the failure rate (λ) and the test interval (T).
- » In the High Demand Mode (HDM; Safety requirements > 1 operations / year) the probability of failure is stated as Probability of Failure per Hour (PFH). PFH corresponds to the failure rate (λ).
- » The achievable level of risk reduction (SIL 1 ... 4) is based on systematic and statistical suitability.
- » The control valves developed by Norgren can be used in both LDM and HDM.
- » They are certified for service life up to 12 years and meet the requirements for SIL2 as a single-channel design and SIL3 in a multi-channel design of the SIS.



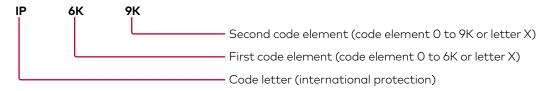
IP-Protection classes International Standard ISO20653 Degrees of protection (IP code)

The international standard ISO20653 describes the degree of protection of electrical equipment against foreign objects, water and access.

The international standard specifies the following:

- » Designations and definitions of types and degrees of protection provided by enclosures of electrical equipment for the:
 - · protection of electrical equipment within the enclosure against ingress of foreign objects, including dust (protection against foreign objects)
 - protection of persons against access to hazardous parts inside the enclosure (protection against access)
 - protection of electrical equipment inside the enclosure against effects due to ingress of water (protection against water)
- » Requirements for each degree of protection
- » Tests to be carried out in order to confirm that the enclosure complies requirements of the relevant degree of protection

The international standard specifies the following:



ELEMENT

(Where no code element is given, the letter "X" shall be substituted.)

The table contains an overview of the IP code elements:

(Extract from the standard)

ELEMENT	IP	MEANING FOR THE PROTECTION OF ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT	MEANING FOR THE PROTECTION OF PER- SONS
		inst foreign objects luding dust):	Against access:
	0 not protected		not protected
	1	with diameter ≥ 50 mm	with back of hand
First code	2	with diameter ≥ 12,5 mm	with finger
element	3	with diameter ≥ 2,5 mm	with tool
	4	with diameter ≥ 1,0 mm	with wire
	5K	dust-protected	with wire
	6K	dust-tight	with wire

Examples for the use of letters in the IP code:

IP6K9K > protection against dust (dust-tight) and protection against water (high-pressure/steam-jet cleaning)

IPX6 > protection against water (strong high-velocity water)

	Aga	inst water:				
	0	not protected				
	1	vertical water drips				
	2	water drips (15° inclination)				
	3	water spray				
	4	splash water				
Second code element	4K	splash water with increased pressure	Not applicable			
elerrieric	5	high-velocity water				
	6	strong high-velocity water				
	6K	strong high-velocity water with increased pressure				
	7	temporary immersion				
	8	continuous submersion				
	9K	high-pressure/steam-jet cleaning				



Lean Manufacturing

Norgren are dedicated to Lean Manufacturing and Continuous Improvement to improve the quality and delivery of our products and customer service by increasing value and reducing waste.

We follow key lean principles to ensure we focus on our customers needs and optimise our products, processes and services to provide the following benefits to our customers:

- » Increased manufacturing efficiency
- » Reduced unplanned downtime and shutdowns
- » Reduced lead times and inventory
- » Optimised new product development
- » Agile engineering partnerships

Benefits for the customer

- » Increase of plant efficiency and life time
- » Cost reduction due to less unplanned downtime and shutdowns
- » Optimal realization of new product designs — in time, on cost, at quality
- » Short reaction- and lead times supporting on time availability of planned and unplanned orders
- » Customized transport- and packaging solutions reducing stock receipt time and increase environment protection
- » Innovative solutions based on cooperative and agile engineering partnerships